

# SEMI-WEEKLY INTERIOR JOURNAL.

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NO. 4

## THE OLD HOMESTEAD.

E. C. W. Visits the Dear Old Place.

RICHMOND, Va., March 6.—Since my last literary (?) effusion I have made a visit to the old homestead, some 20 miles out in the country and have, liberally speaking, lived over several of the first years of my life. Of course time has changed the dear old place to a great extent, but still there is enough semblance of its former self to recall many happy incidents of the long ago. While musing over the "pleasantries" of our childhood days it is very natural that the bitter will follow the sweet, and while I wandered through wood and field enjoying every step I took on the old farm, that will forever seem sacred to me, I was not forgetful of the fact that it was there that father and mother bade us farewell for an eternal abode in a brighter and better world. Although the saddest of thoughts come over us when we linger on this subject or stand around the graves of those so dear to us, it is a blessed privilege to lay a flower on the little mounds that show where all that is earthly of a kind and lenient father and a loving and affectionate mother lie. Thank God for the sweet privilege, for each time I visit the dear spot I am more and more convinced of their exceeding goodness as well as the severity of the loss sustained when their sweet spirits took their flight for the world above. Yes, things have changed wonderfully since I last visited the old homestead and it really causes a gloom to come over me to note that the changes are not for the better. The house has yielded to the wear and tear of ages, the fences that my father took so much pride in keeping up, have long since gone and the soil, which was then fertile, shows a decided lack of depth. All of this deterioration has taken place in a decade and I really fear that before another shall have passed there will be nothing left to designate the spot where our once happy family lived so long.

I met many old friends on my visit to the old place, but while I was, I am proud to say, not wholly forgotten, I had to make myself known to the majority of them. Leaving there when a child of barely 15 summers, it is not strange that few recognized me, but still I felt like a stranger in a strange land and shortened my stay on that account.

On my way back to Richmond from the old neighborhood, I visited the home of the great and good Henry Clay. "The Millboy of the Slashes," as he was called, spent the first years of his life on a farm only a short distance from Ashland and the large oak tree between his home and the mill he used to go to and where he would rest himself and his weary beast of burden, still stands and bears the name of the great statesman which he carved in it many years ago. There is nothing peculiar about the farm, nor ostentatious about the house, but the fact that it is Clay's old home causes many a desire to see it.

While my visit to the country was pleasant the fearful roads took away some of the enjoyableness of it and I was glad when I again caught sight of the church towers on returning that Richmond is noted for. The trip was necessarily made on horseback and Belle, as I was informed that my horse was named, was well-nigh worn-out and I dare say the rider was a little worse for wear as well. However, I am glad I went and the scenes, which I was rapidly forgetting, have been familiarized and I am not sorry of it.

Richmond has had a heavy snow and the merry jingle of sleigh bells has been a familiar sound since it fell. Many of the young folks have enjoyed that pleasant sport, in fact it was their first opportunity since 1888, and they took advantage from early morn till late at night and

"Sat beneath the buffaloes  
And felt each other's hands, &c."

Franklin and Grace streets, which are not torn up with street contracts, and which, by the way, are the fashionable streets in Richmond, were the popular resorts for the sleighing public and they presented a happy scene indeed. The handsomely painted cutters, drawn by blooded and fiery steeds and occupied by blushing maidens, with cheeks aglow to a mouth watering extent, was a joyful and thrilling sight and many a gray-headed, infirm man watched with wistful eyes the youth and buoyancy of the city and no doubt wished for a return of the happy days when he was a thing of the present instead of the past.

I think I have told everything of interest incident to my trip and I fear many things that have proved uninteresting to many of your readers, hence with this so called epistle my correspondence will cease for a while. I am exceedingly grateful to those who have followed my peregrinations and to those who have read with interest my jottings I am equally thankful. I would like to reward them all, but for the present can only wish them the good fortune of better literature in the future.

I could not wish, nor do I hope for a more pleasant time than this visit to my sister's family has been. With every wish and thought gratified, a sojourn

with a sister who was and is both sister and mother to me and with surroundings unspeakably pleasant, I wonder not that in after years I shall look back on these two weeks as an oasis in my life.

E. C. W.

## LANCASTER, GARRARD COUNTY.

—On Tuesday evening, the 24th inst., a complete expose of the mysterious rites and ceremonies of the Ancient Order of Hercules, including the grips, signs, and secrets of the lodge, and the ceremony of initiation will be rendered at the Opera House in this place, by a well fitted class of home talent. The proceeds derived from this entertainment will be appropriated to the management of the Opera House. Give 'em a lift.

—The Woody Brothers, of Chicago, have given eminent satisfaction to the people of Lancaster by their excellent concerts and musical instruction imparted to their pupils. They have successfully and satisfactorily taught a large class, at the Presbyterian church, composed of members of the various religious denominations and have received as they have deserved the commendation of the public generally. Their system of instruction is the best known to the musical profession, and the only one that ought to be taught. They are doing a grand work for the people and deserve encouragement wherever they go. The closing concert was well attended and in every way successful.

Senator Peffer, the successor of Senator Ingalls, has been to Washington and called on the Secretary of the Senate. The first question he asked was when he could draw his pay. Senator Peffer, no doubt in common with the majority of those seeking office, vowed that he was prompted solely by motives of patriotism and that the salary he was to draw was a matter of minor importance in his aspirations for senatorial honors. But alas for the frailties of humanity; Senator Peffer has been found to possess the instincts of the average place-seeker, and the scent of the flesh pots has lured him to a confession of his desire to get his paw upon his share of the filthy lucre awaiting his senatorial check. Patriotism plays a very insignificant part in the life of the politician of this day and generation and Senator Peffer is no exception to the general rule.

Mr. J. J. Whiteker, of Harrison county, has read every copy of the con. con. reports that has been acted upon by the convention and still lives. This only shows that Mr. Whiteker has a fine constitution and is a gentleman of leisure, for he could not possibly have accomplished this extraordinary feat if he had been required to do anything else. Possibly Mr. Whiteker is somewhat like an old gentleman by the name of Brown, who resided in Lancaster many years ago. He was a subscriber to the Louisville Weekly Journal, edited by Geo. D. Prentice. The paper was received every Saturday and the old gentleman commenced with the name of the paper and read every word from beginning to end, terms, advertisements and all before he stopped. He kept this up until his death, which occurred prior to the consolidation of the Journal and Courier. If Mr. W. is any wiser after his wonderful performances he is certainly an extraordinary man and the con. con. should compliment him with a vote of thanks.

A society has been formed in New York for the examination of brain. Dr. Leidy has been elected president and associated with him are Drs. Osler, Milder, Pepper, Spitzka and others. Letters have been written by the society to a large number of prominent politicians, statesmen and ministers, including Phillips Brooks, Chauncey M. Depew, James G. Blaine and Dr. R. Herbert Newton, requesting permission to examine their brains and quite a large number have given their consent. It is said that the brains of all great men and women are irregularly formed, little hills and valleys showing themselves on the surface and these irregularities are to be studied as a phrenologist studies bumps. Why this examination should be confined to great men is not understood. If any good is to come of experiments of this sort, why not select some of the scoundrels who infest society, and see what developments can be made in that direction. It might be well also to examine the brains of some of those who imagine they are great men, but whose conduct develops more egotism and impudence than genius or talent. Whether any of the so-called great men of Kentucky have been written to for permission to examine their brains after the termination of their windy pilgrimage upon earth, has not been made known to the public.

Edwin S. Van Zile is the author of a poem on the death of the devil. He has written a graphic obituary of his satanic majesty, but fails to inform us how he received information of his death. Figuratively speaking he is said to be going about earth, as a roaring lion seeking whom he may devour, but

this does not deter men from doing wrong. If he could be permitted to make an actual visit to earth he would find an abundance of material upon which to exercise his talents, and rats would not scamper to their holes with greater rapidity at the sight of an infuriated terrier than some of the sinners who have no respect for God, man, or the devil. It would be in the interest of good morals if he should make his appearance at no distant day. Now let him come!

Mr. McElroy, of Bowling Green, says if nominated by a convention he would run even for constable. Accommodating Mr. McElroy, would you not agree to work for nothing and throw in a few chickens of tobacco?

A committee, selected by the advisory board, appointed to look after the agricultural interests of the State is visiting the various counties and delivering lectures, the object of which is to enlighten the farmers in regard to the proper mode of cultivating their farms. Profs. Meyers and Garman will impart information that will enable any farmer to tell the difference between a pumpkin and squash and between a potato and a turnip. This will be done at the expense of the State and regardless of cost. The lectures will bristle with statistics upon "Ensilage," "Insecticide," &c., all of which will be as clear as mud to most of those who have been taught to farm in the good old-fashioned way.

Mr. Watterson on Cleveland and Silver.

Two points of disturbance are being advanced to mar our counsels. One of these relates to the renomination of Mr. Cleveland; the other to the adoption of some, as yet undefined, but altered, policy as to silver coinage. Touching the first of these, the reflection ought to lessen the anxiety of those opposed to it that it depends largely, if not wholly, upon the action of the Democrats of New York. If New York comes to the next National Democratic Convention resisting the nomination of Mr. Cleveland, or seriously divided upon it, his nomination would be suicidal. In that event the party will be compelled to quit New York altogether, and to seek for a nomination elsewhere; for nothing could be more absurd than the suggestion of setting aside Mr. Cleveland and substituting Gov. Hill or any other New Yorker, in his place. When we leave Cleveland we leave New York. Touching silver, this is to be said: All of us in the West and South are bimetalists; all of us are friends of the double, enemies of the single, standard; all of us believe that the expanding needs of the country require, and that the country will assimilate, a still larger circulating medium, and look largely to silver as the basis of the currency which is to succeed the retiring national bank notes. But as to conclusions, this is the extent of it. In the matter of legislative detail, as the best fiscal means of reaching these ends, there is no agreement, because there has been no adequate discussion, and there is no general knowledge. The people of the West and South are sorely distressed and perplexed. Twenty-five years of class distinction in the government have done their perfect work. Excessive and unjust taxation is the original, the fruitful source of all our ills. We have expended 10 years getting together on this paramount issue. At last we are together. We stand upon high, upon solid ground. Victory, if not within our grasp, is yet within our sight. Is it possible that any sane democrat anywhere can believe it good, or wise, to abandon this position of advantage, reached after so much travail and outlay, and to advance through a morass of uncertainty upon the rifle pits and masked batteries of an enemy, who laughs in his sleeve as he waits to welcome us with bloody hands to hospitable graves?

## WAYNESBURG.

—Mrs. F. P. Curtis, of Somerset, is visiting relatives here.—J. R. Schoeffer shipped a car-load of poplar lumber to Nicholasville last week.—J. L. Kountz says a stranger came to his house Feb. 4, who has not much notion of leaving soon. It's a bouncing big boy. Mrs. E. S. Gooch, formerly of this place, but now of Somerset, is visiting her mother, Mrs. Padgett, here. Al Hughes, who went to Barboursville about a year ago, moved his family back to his old home here last week. J. H. Caldwell purchased a tract of land containing 30 acres, lying just west of town, of Gooch & Gooch, for \$6 an acre last week. Elder A. J. Pike failed to fill his appointment here last Saturday and Sunday on the account of high water. W. H. Hicks, sawyer at J. R. Schoeffer's mill, went to his home at Berketsville, O., Sunday to see his mother, who is not expected to live.

—The Kansas legislature has only the appropriation bills to pass before reaching final adjournment. The granger element has been greatly disappointed in failing to secure legislation in behalf of its favorite reform measures, every one of which the Senate effectually scotched.

## MT. VERNON, ROCKCASTLE COUNTY.

—Circuit court began here Monday. —Mize, for killing John Mink, was indicted and admitted to bail of \$1,500.

—A telegram from Denver announces Sam Burdett's condition as yet not out of danger, but the chances are in his favor.

—A little child of George Brown, of Glades, was burned to death one day this week by its clothing catching fire.

—Smith Prewitt has caught within the last month from one hole under a cliff with a steel trap 2 possums, 2 foxes, 3 skunks and 13 coons.

—The trial of Emmett Snodgrass, for killing his brother, was called Wednesday. Four jurymen were secured and the court is still engaged in getting a jury.

—Shipments of the conglomerate stone have begun from Sinks to the Watts Iron Works, at Middlesboro. This stone is used for making fire brick and in reducing iron from the ore.

—Burke Faris has established a "possum ranch" near Brodhead and will by next fall have almost 500 of the animals for sale. He has been promised good prices for all he can raise.

—Rev. H. C. Payne, of Elizabethtown, who has been engaged to preach at the Christian church here, has arrived, accompanied by his wife, and has taken rooms at the Newcomb Hotel.

—Mr. John M. Williams, who has been train dispatching at Middlesboro for some months, has been promoted to a similar position at Montgomery, Ala., where he will begin work April 1st on the 2d track. John is rapidly rising in the business and will make his mark.

—Considerable sickness prevails here at present. Little Conn Brown, who has been very low with pneumonia, is improving; Mrs. Will Davis is yet very low with pneumonia; Charlie Davis is some better; Mrs. Belle Burnside is on the sick list. Several are affected with the grippe.

—Sunday night a misguided night operator, with more feet than brains, perpetrated a cruel hoax by sending a bogus "special" over the wires announcing a powder explosion at Middlesboro, in which 80 people were killed, including Gov. McCreary and others. It was some hours before it was discovered to be a hoax. It would be poor fun to the perpetrator should he be discovered.

—Mr. W. H. Carrier, of London, was here Sunday. Mr. T. N. Roberts, of Danville, was among old friends here during the week. Mr. J. W. Stephens, night operator at Livingston, paid us a visit Monday. John T. Barbee spoke on prohibition here Monday. Miss Lucille Joplin has returned from Paris. Messrs. O. H. Waddle, of Somerset, J. B. Fish, Pineville, and F. F. Bobbitt are the visiting attorneys at our court. Mr. W. H. Cox is ill with erysipelas. Mr. J. W. Gentry is on the sick list.

## MATRIMONIAL MATTERS.

—Joseph Lambert and Kate Dawson, of Louisville, renounced the Catholic faith and joined a Protestant church so as to more easily be married, their intention being to elope.

—Mr. Max Manes, the steady and clever young manager of the Louisville Store at this place, was married at Mr. J. D. Hayes', in Louisville, Wednesday night, to Miss Bertha Altscheler, a pretty and attractive damsel not long from Germany. The ceremony was performed by Rabbi A. Moses, and yesterday the couple arrived and took rooms at the Portman House. A long and happy life to Mr. Manes and his bonnie bride.

## DEATHS' DOINGS.

—Mrs. P. P. Ballard, an aunt of Mrs. W. F. Dillon and Mrs. Joe Coffey, died at Richmond, aged 83.

—Cattle of the best grades are in demand in Cincinnati at 5¢; good to choice butchers 4 to 4½; feeders 2½ to 4½; hogs are active with best at 3.95; sheep are strong at 3½ to 4.

—Commodore Caldwell, of Fishing Creek, sold to Owens, of Boyle, a yoke of 3,655-pound oxen, raised by him, at 3.35. They were the largest that ever came out of the Waynesburg hills.

—A. W. Smith was notified Thursday that his mare, Ella Hopkins, now at Terra Haute, to be bred to Axtell, had dropped a handsome filly colt, a full sister to Geneva S., 2:19½.—Danville Advocate.

The passenger department of the Q. & C. Route will publish an edition of 50,000 of a pamphlet describing all Timber Lands, Coal and Mineral Lands, Improved and unimproved FARMS that are for sale on or near the line of the road. The entire expense of this publication will be borne by the R. R. Co. and we ask FARMERS and Land owners having property for sale to send accurate description of same, giving location, character of soil, nature of improvements, if any, price and terms, to the undersigned at earliest possible moment, in order not to delay publication of the work. Supplements will be issued from time to time, but we want the first number as complete as possible. Answer by mail to F. S. Mordant, Commissioner of Immigration, care D. G. Edwards, G. P. & T. A. Queen and Crescent Route, Cincinnati, O.

## THE WILLARD,

—LATE ALEXANDER'S HOTEL.—

THOROUGHLY RENOVATED AND IMPROVED.

Rates \$2.50 Per Day.

Cor. Jefferson, Center and Green Streets, opposite Court-House, LOUISVILLE, KY.

W. R. LOCAN, Manager.

A. W. Jones, J. J. Sullivan, J. L. Marshall, Clerks.

## Fine and Staple Groceries,

CORNER SOMERSET AND MAIN STREETS.

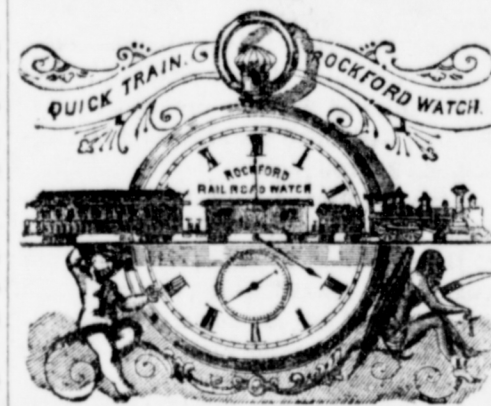
Sugar, Coffee, Tea, Molasses, Syrups, Honey, Salt, Vinegar, Starch, Candles, Lard, Flour, Meal.

## FARINACEOUS GOODS:

Spices, Cheese, Macaroni, Flavoring Extracts, Raisins, Figs, Citron, Prunes, Currants, Parlor and Hall Lamps, Full Line of Plain and Fancy Candles, Queensware and Tinware.

FARRIS & HARDIN.

## The Old Reliable Jeweler Still in the Lead.



## A. R. Penny

Has the largest and MOST COMPLETE STOCK OF Watches and Jewelry ever shown in Stanford at prices as low as the lowest.

Remember that I have one of the best watch-makers in the State, who can do anything in Watch or Jewelry Repairing. Don't have to send jobs to the city. Engraving of all kinds beautifully done. Old gold and silver taken at market price. Your trade and work is solicited and I guarantee satisfaction. A. R. PENNY.

ASK FOR A SLEET COLD SHOULD NOT BE NEGLECTED.  
**COUSSEN'S HONEY-TAR**  
CURES THIS CELEBRATED REMEDY HAS BEEN USED WITH SUCCESS FOR THE LAST 20 YEARS.  
FOR SALE EVERYWHERE  
PREPARED BY RICHARDSON-TAYLOR MED. CO. ST. LOUIS MO.

## NEWCOMB HOTEL.

MT. VERNON, KY.

This old and well-known Hotel is still maintaining its fine reputation. Charges reasonable. Special attention to the traveling public.

M. P. NEWCOMB, Prop.,

83-111 Mt. Vernon, Ky.

## HIGGINS' HOMEOPATHIC SALVE.

Cures cuts, bruises, old sores, skin diseases, corns, bunions, piles, hemorrhoids, scalds, halter burns, dew poison and bruises. Wherever it has been used it has given wonderful satisfaction and its propensity for removing soreness is remarkable. Numerous testimonials will be secured and will appear in this space at a later date. Made and sold by J. B. HIGGINS, Stanford, Ky.

## Notice of Incorporation.

Notice is hereby given that A. C. Sine, John N. Meneff, Joseph Severance, J. M. Bruce, Thomas L. Shelton, John A. Allen, J. B. Paxton and their associates have incorporated themselves under the name of "The Odd Fellows' Hall Association of Stanford Ky."

The object of the incorporation is to purchase a site in Stanford, Ky., and erect thereon a brick building according to such plans and specifications as may be agreed on.

The authorized capital stock is \$12,000, divided into shares of \$100 each and payable in weekly installments of 10 cents on each share.

The corporation shall commence Feb. 24, 1891, and continue twenty-five years.

The affairs of the corporation are to be conducted by a Board of seven Directors, a President, a Vice-President, Secretary and Treasurer, to be elected annually the first Tuesday in January.

The highest amount of indebtedness or liability to which the corporation can subject itself is \$5,000.

Persons desirous of inspecting the place will be shown over it by James Hays, now residing on the premises. For terms apply or address me at Danville, Ky.

JAS. W. GUEST.

104-111

Choice Blue-Grass Farm

FOR SALE.

I will sell privately, at a bargain, my farm at Crab Orchard, Lincoln county, Ky.

This farm, formerly known as the Jacob Guest home-stead, contains

280 Acres Excellent Land,

In prime condition, and well improved, lying partly in the limits of the town of Crab Orchard, on the L. & N. R. R.

The farm is divided nearly equally by the pike leading South from town, there being 175 acres on the East side, on which is the mansion house, a large, roomy and well-built brick of 7 rooms, besides kitchen, servant's house, stable, &c., and on the West side 105 acres, which has also a comfortable frame residence, out-house, &c.

I will sell the place as a whole, or if desired will sell either of the tracts singly. Either will make an elegant and comfortable home, convenient to schools, churches, good turnpikes and the railroad.

Persons desirous of inspecting the place will be shown over it by James Hays, now residing on the premises. For terms apply or address me at Danville, Ky.

## THE RILEY HOUSE,

F. B. RILEY, Proprietor,

London, - - - Kentucky.

I have moved to my new Hotel and am better prepared than ever to accommodate the public. Good Livery attached and every convenience desired. Give me a call.

FRANK RILEY.

## Farm For Sale.

I desire to sell my farm of about 150 acres, situated about 15 miles north of Stanford on the Rush Branch pike, opposite the old church. There are about 50 acres in wheat and rye; the balance of the farm well set in timothy. Good dwelling of four rooms and kitchen and a splendid new barn; is well watered and fenced. Possession can be given immediately. For particulars, see J. P. Bailey, Stanford, or write the undersigned at Cincinnati, Ohio.

E. WITHERS.

## E. H. FARMER,

TONSorial Artist.

STANFORD, KENTUCKY.

Has a first-class Barber Shop on Main street, opposite Portman House, and invites a share of your patronage. Prompt attention to outside calls and special attention to ladies and children. Work done in the latest style with neatness and dispatch.

SS-6m

J. T. SUTTON & CO.,

HUSTONVILLE, KY.

Are still in the business and ready to do anything in the Undertaking line. We have a full stock of Cases and Caskets of all kinds and Robes of every description. Our hearse, which is nearly new can be obtained on short notice. Mr. J. B. Green has charge of our business and will show our goods to any one needing anything in the line.

64-1

## FOR SALE.

2 Houses and Lots in McKinney.

Both desirable homes. For information and terms, address

MRS. SUSIE S. ADAMS,

105½ West Main Street,

Lexington, Ky.

106-11



W. P. WALTON.

AFTER an unparalleled contest, Gen. John M. Palmer was elected Senator from Illinois, Wednesday, two of the three farmers' members voting with the noble 101, which had stood by him from the first, convinced that their man Streater had made a deal with the republicans, which was distasteful to them. The scene when the necessary 103 votes were secured was one that would have fired the coldest heart. The general made a short speech of thanks, everybody was happy and the goose hung high. Gen. Palmer was a brave soldier in the late war, has been governor of Illinois and held other important offices. He was born in Kentucky and is worthy of his birthright. The Sucker State has joined the democratic column. Arise and sing the doxology.

A CINCINNATI paper remarks anent the temperance question: "Time is proving the folly of extremists on the subject of liquor regulation. Neither prohibition nor free whisky is a success. A fair license tax, with local option is the thing. States that have adopted this system stick to it. Other States in which visionary enthusiasts have controlled have been shifting from prohibition to free traffic, and vice versa, until they have settled down to a policy of common sense—a policy the Commercial Gazette has advocated for years, amidst the abuse of cranky prohibitionists on one side and lawless whisky heads on the other."

If the woodcock has any further remarks to make, or feels to reiterate his historical exclamation, he now has the floor. The Graves county farmers' union has nominated ex-Editor Erwin for the State Senate and refused to endorse Clardy for governor, because he has been "indiscreet and reckless enough to submit his claims to the action of the democratic party." — Louisville Times.

Such short horses as Congressmen Caruth, Dickerson and Ellis cavorting against Cleveland makes us very tired. It would have been plenty of time months hence to have heard from them if the country could not possibly do without some instruction from that source. You never hear men like McCreary and Breckinridge go off half-cocked like the learned triumvirate noted above, and then have to eat crow through the season of humiliation.

AS EXPECTED and as he eminently deserved to be, Mr. M. H. Smith was elected president of the Louisville & Nashville railroad, one of the greatest and best managed corporations in the country. Mr. Smith is a graduate in railroad affairs and is recognized as one of the most able of managers. He is exceedingly modest, however, and has never received the just due and credit that really belongs to him.

THE Courier-Journal copies Mr. R. C. Warren's letter and the comment thereon from this paper and says he is one of the best and truest democrats in the State. There is no discount on Mr. Warren's democracy and he has the Jeffersonian qualification for office, being honest and capable.

MCKINLEY, who had a little tariff bill named for him, is out in an interview predicting a sweeping republican victory in 1922. The trouble about McKinley is that he hasn't sense enough to realize that a house has fallen on him and the party which enacted the robber bill that bears his name.

ON our fourth page is printed a splendid speech by Gov. McCreary against subsidies in general and the Hawaiian cable subsidy in particular, which kept that steal from passing Congress. It is mighty good reading and we commend its careful perusal.

THE democrats elected all the municipal officers in Bangor, Belfast and Biddeford, Maine. Rather a black eye for Reed, but then everybody kicks a man when he is down.

IT took two months and 154 ballots to elect Gen. Palmer, but he finally got there and the will of the people was respected.

## CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTION.

—By a vote of 39 to 27 the constitutional convention refused to adjourn March 28, to reassemble August 25.

—The constitutional convention finished up the report of the Committee on Education Wednesday and adopted it as a whole.

—The constitutional convention, after providing a few general limitations, relegated the apportionment of senatorial and representative districts to the legislature.

—The convention decided 47 to 20 to continue the tax for the A. & M. College and inserted the same provision for the Colored Normal School, the Feeble Minded Institute, Deaf Mute School, the insane asylums, etc.

## NEWSY NOTES.

—A Boston tea firm has failed for \$400,000.

—The Minneapolis Tribune has been sold for \$400,000.

—Congressman Breckinridge is seriously ill at Pensacola, Fla.

—G. W. Pulliam sold to C. T. Sandridge a New York combined gelding for \$200.

—The New York Presbytery has decided against deaconesses by a vote of 39 to 21.

—President Harrison refused to pardon John C. Eno, the New York bank wrecker.

—Mrs. O. C. Hanson hanged her one-year-old babe and herself at Pelican Rapids, Minn.

—Lord Salisbury has agreed to arbitrate the Behring Sea trouble and there will be no war.

—Dr. Breyfogle was again elected president of the Monon Railroad and four new directors of his following were chosen.

—Mrs. John Dunn, of Texas, attacked a burglar who robbed her house and when he attempted to kill her with an ax shot him dead with a Winchester.

—The Buckeye, a small steamer plying between Puget Sound ports, is reported lost in a storm, with the crew and 20 passengers, who were on a pleasure trip.

—The State department has received Brazilian papers containing the decree of the president of that Republic on the reciprocity agreement with the United States.

—James A. Simmons, on trial in New York for assisting in the wreck of the Sixth National Bank, has been found guilty of the embezzlement of \$922,000 worth of bonds.

—At the New York bench show were Pievna, a six-year-old dog, held at the price of \$40,000; Sir Bedivere at \$25,000; Carl, \$20,000 and several at \$15,000 and \$10,000 each.

—Several fires, disastrous in their results, are reported: Pittsburgh suffers to the extent of \$500,000; Chicago was visited by a \$200,000 blaze, and a Peoria fire destroyed \$80,000 worth of property.

—Henry C. Lamar and Miss Louise King Connelly were drowned in the canal at Augusta, Ga. They were connected with the oldest and wealthiest families of Georgia and South Carolina.

—David H. Poston, a leading lawyer of Tennessee, was shot and fatally wounded at Memphis by Col. H. Clay King, who is also a prominent attorney of that city. The shooting grew out of the King-Pillow scandal.

—Tobe Lewis, claiming to be 137 years of age, is in the Chattanooga workhouse. He says he has had nine wives, and is the father of 40 children. He has documentary evidence showing him to be over 100 years old.

—The American Association has organized a new base ball club for Cincinnati and secured a temporary injunction to prevent the league from taking possession of the lease and franchise sold by Al Johnson the other day.

—William Dabney Strother Taylor, a nephew of President Zachary Taylor and the oldest surviving member of the family, died at his home in Jefferson county, aged 85. He strikingly resembled his distinguished uncle in form and face, as well as character.

—A number of Kentucky people who bought town lots at Harrison, Tenn., at fancy prices, are expected to put up more money or lose what they have already put in, and the prospect is not sufficiently encouraging to justify further risk. — Georgetown Times.

—A public ball at Kilgore, a mining hamlet on the Newport News railroad, near Catlettsburg, terminated in a battle. Over 100 shots were fired, and when the lamps were relighted it was found that six men had been seriously wounded. At least four of the men are reported fatally hurt.

—Bill Crawford, the Indiana murderer, who refuses a rehearing of his case and insists upon the execution of the original contract that he be hanged next Saturday, deserves a monument at the hands of his surviving and grateful countrymen. "I am guilty," says Bill, and everybody knows it.

—The attorneys for Mr. Charles E. Kincaid Wednesday asked Judge Hagner, of the criminal court of the District of Columbia, for a postponement of his trial until Senator Voorhees's health would permit his attention to Mr. Kincaid's interests. The request was refused, however, and the trial will begin next Monday.

—A mob assembled at Mt. Sterling Wednesday night to make short work of John Wiggenton and his four sons, who are confined in jail there, charged with poisoning William Ferguson and his family. The good people of the town prevailed on those who composed the mob to await further developments and it was quelled for a time.

—A regular pitched battle was fought by a number of desperate men at a place called "Hell's Half Acre," near Cumberland Gap, Sunday night. Hugh Johnson was shot through the head and chest and killed outright; Garrett Southern, shot through the thigh; Moses Gibson, shot through the bowels and not expected to live; Shelby Gibson, shot through leg; a bystander named John Owens, hit by stray bullet in chest. The first two were arrested last October upon suspicion of being the men who had shot young Morris Watts, a young Englishman, and the fight was against those who had testified against them.

—The profits of the sugar trust have been \$11,900,000.

—John Wilder, a noted desperado of the Cumberland Gap section, was shot and killed by a sheriff's posse while trying to evade arrest.

—James Calder, a Middleboro street contractor, has skipped, leaving a number of unpaid bills, besides \$1,000 or more of borrowed money.

## The National Capital.

(To the Editor Interior Journal.)

WASHINGTON, March 9.—Mr. Harrison has never been credited with having an over supply of backbone, but he has just given indisputable evidence that he can be stubborn when he desires to be. Some time before Congress adjourned he nominated James H. Beatty to be United States District Judge for Idaho, but owing to the active opposition of the two Idaho senators and other republicans the Senate adjourned without acting on the nomination. Now Mr. Harrison has appointed Mr. Beatty to be judge, and he will sit on the bench until the Senate meets again, even if his nomination should then be rejected. Another exhibition of the obstinacy of Mr. Harrison was his going off to-day on a week's hunting trip, instead of settling the question of who shall be the nine judges of the United States Circuit court, provided for under the new law, which he was urged to do by many members of his party, who do not wish to leave here until this matter is settled. It is thought that it was to get away from this gang that Mr. Harrison went on his hunting trip, but it will do him no good, for these fellows will never leave here until these prizes are distributed.

Believing that it would be but justice to have the democratic party represented in these appointments, a number of prominent democrats have decided to present the name of Representative Culberson, of Texas, to Mr. Harrison. Mr. Culberson is recognized as one of the ablest lawyers in Congress, and he was re-elected to the 52d Congress, but his friends say that he would resign if appointed to the bench, as the judicial duties would be more congenial. It is not probable, however, that Mr. Harrison will give the democrats even one out of the nine new judges.

Representative Sayers, of Texas, who has to a large extent taken the important place so long and so ably filled by the late Representative Samuel J. Randall in the House committee on appropriations, has made a statement showing the amount appropriated by the 51st congress to be in excess of one billion and six million dollars—stop a moment and think of that immense amount of money. He has also suggested a practical way to reform the expenditures of the government that is worthy of careful consideration by the new democratic House. He thinks that there should be one committee of not less than 15 members upon the expenditures of the government instead of a separate committee for each department as it is now.

Mr. Sayers says in advocacy of this change: "It is a fact which cannot be disputed that no single one of the several committees upon the expenditures in the departments has within the last three Congresses ever investigated the expenditure of any department and reported the result of their investigation to the House. In truth, these committees have rarely ever held even a single sitting during any Congress and the consequence has been that nothing has resulted to the House from their organization. If a general committee of 15 were organized, possessing the same dignity and enjoying the same powers and privileges as the committee on Ways and Means and the committee on Appropriations, it cannot be doubted that such a committee would be able to furnish the House with such information and advice as would lead to a very great reduction of expenditures and a thorough reform in the administration of the public service. What do the House and country know of the expenditures under the several laws making indefinite appropriations? The expenditures and methods of administration under these permanent appropriation acts are practically unknown to Congress. What do Congress and the country know about the internal administration of the pension office, the patent office and the bureau of internal revenue and the several bureaus of the war and navy department?"

Mr. Sayers has another good idea too that should not be overlooked. He thinks the House should elect a permanent chairman of the committee of the whole and the committee of the whole on the state of the Union. In speaking of this he said: "It has been a noticeable fact that these chairmen have been appointed by the Speaker, from time to time, at the instance of the gentlemen whose bills were to be considered, and very often it has been the case that the rulings of such chairmen have not only been at variance, but have led to the suspicion that there was an undue leaning towards the opinion expressed by the gentlemen in charge of the particular bill under consideration when a question of order has been raised. This would be obviated by electing one man to the position, making him independent of the Speaker. Mr. Sayers thinks these two changes would result in reducing the current expenditures at least 30 per cent.

Secretary Proctor, who has spent less time in Washington than any member of the cabinet, has gone on a jaunt that will last a month.

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## A Little Girl's Experience in a Light House.

Mr. and Mrs. Loren Trexant are keepers of the Gale Lighthouse at Sand Beach, Mich., and are blessed with a daughter 4 years old. Last April she was taken down with measles, followed with a dreadful cough and turning into a fever. Doctors at home and at Detroit treated her, but in vain; she grew worse rapidly until she was a mere rattle of bones. Then she tried Dr. King's New Discovery and after the use of two and a half bottles was completely cured. They say Dr. King's New Discovery is worth its weight in gold, and you may get you a trial bottle free at A. R. Penny's drug store.

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—Ed E. T. FENCE, President.

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—Ed GEO. A. BENEDICT, Chairman, PORTER ROBINSON, Trustee.

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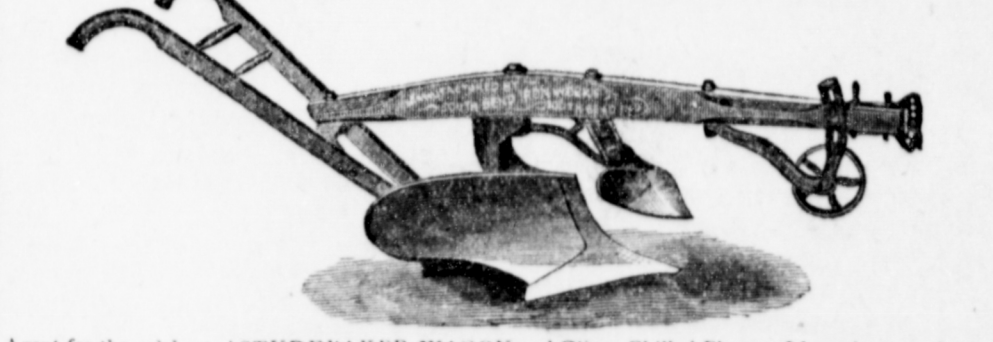
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## AGAINST SUBSIDIES.

Why Gov. McCreary Fought the Proposed Appropriation For a Telegraph Line to Hawaii.

The following speech was delivered by Representative James B. McCreary recently in opposition to the proposed subsidy, which the government was asked to grant the San Francisco and Hawaiian Cable Company, and which was badly beaten.

Mr. McCreary.—Mr. Speaker, the subject which I propose to discuss is the Senate amendment to the Diplomatic and Consular Appropriation bill providing for a submarine telegraph line from San Francisco, Cal., to the Hawaiian Islands, to be owned and operated by a private corporation, but to be paid for with money taken from the United States treasury.

Republican Congressmen have granted subsidies to railroad corporations by donating millions of acres of the public lands; they have granted subsidies to the manufacturers throughout the country by a vast and comprehensive tariff system; they have granted subsidies to banks and to trust companies, and they have, during this Congress, granted to the sugar producers of the country millions of dollars per annum by way of bounty.

There is pending, at the other end of the capitol, and soon to be brought to this House, a bill which authorizes this government to indorse the bonds of the Nicaragua Canal Company to the amount of \$100,000,000, which means the payment of that amount immediately by the government, and last night, near the midnight hour, we finished the consideration of one of the most iniquitous bills that has ever been considered in the Congress of the United States, which sought to grant to certain ship-owners of this country nearly \$200,000,000 from the public treasury. I congratulate this House and the country that conscientious and patriotic members were strong enough in their antagonism to that measure to strike down that colossal subsidy, so that instead of \$200,000,000, as the original bill required, the amount appropriated in the bill which passed will not exceed \$18,000,000.

We are asked to-day by the amendment which comes from the Senate, and which has been fastened upon the Diplomatic and Consular bill, to appropriate \$3,000,000 for the construction of a submarine cable line from San Francisco to the Hawaiian Islands. We have had, Mr. Speaker, in the past, subsidies on land and subsidies on the sea, and now we are being asked to furnish subsidies under the sea.

There are to-day nine submarine cables connecting the United States with the great commercial centres of the world. Not a dollar did the government of the United States give toward the construction of any one of these cable lines, and, so far as I know, the government was never asked to give a dollar. But now there is a new departure. We are asked to give \$3,000,000 to a private corporation to construct a cable line.

Sir, I am not in favor of the government of the United States embarking in the construction of submarine cables; but if this government is going to furnish all the money to build submarine cables, and if it is deemed necessary to have them, the government should own, control and operate them, and not a private corporation.

I read now the 15th clause of the Diplomatic and Consular Appropriation bill added to the House bill in the Senate:

"To enable the president to make engagements with any such citizens or corporations of the United States as shall appear to possess the means and facilities necessary to that end, for telegraphic communication between the United States and the Kingdom of Hawaii, which engagements shall contain provisions sufficient, in the judgment of the president, to secure to the government and citizens of the United States early and adequate communication by telegraph with said kingdom, with reasonable terms, for a period of not less than 14 years, a sum not exceeding \$250,000 for each year in and during which such communication shall be so in operation, and during which such engagements shall be so in course of execution, not exceeding 20 years; and the total sum paid under this authority shall not exceed \$3,000,000."

This is a sugar-coated and carefully disguised proposition, but when carefully scrutinized it means a subsidy of \$3,000,000 to the private citizens who construct the submarine telegraph.

Under the reciprocity of the McKinley tariff bill the president of the United States is authorized under certain circumstances to impose a tax of 3 cents a pound upon coffee, which is now free of duty, and he was also authorized, under certain circumstances, to impose a tax upon tea of 10 cents a pound, which is also free, and upon hides of 15 cents per pound, and to restore the tax upon sugar. That is called reciprocity for the benefit of nations; but under this bill, which seeks to give \$3,000,000 to a private corporation, it will be reciprocity for the benefit of individuals, to enable them to still further pillage and plunder the public treasury.

I want to call the attention of this House to the fact that the Senate amendment contains no provisions limiting the power of the corporation which takes charge of the money sought to be appropriated. It does not require the affairs

of the company to be managed by a board of directors, a majority of whom are to be citizens and residents of the United States. It does not require the principal office of the company to be in the United States. It does not require that the company shall annually make a report to the secretary of the treasury, giving such detailed statements of its affairs, assets and liabilities as he may require, and as ought to be done, considering the fact that the government is to pay \$3,000,000 out of the treasury towards it. It does not provide that the company shall effectively operate such lines with a sufficient staff of proper and efficient officers, being citizens of the United States.

It does not name the capital to be used for the construction of the work. It does not say in what time it shall be completed, and it does not show the necessity for the work. It does not provide that the company shall not mortgage, assign, lease, deed or in any manner transfer the cable line without the consent of the United States. It does not provide that in case of war or other emergency the government may take possession of and operate the line, making compensation therefor, and it does not provide that in case of extension of the line beyond the Hawaiian Islands the government shall, without further payment, have the same rights and privileges with reference to the transmission of its messages over such extension that it has over the line between San Francisco and the Hawaiian Islands.

Mr. Ellis—What amount is to be paid by our government each year to the corporation, and how long will the subsidy last?

Mr. McCreary—The Senate amendment provides that we shall pay out of the treasury \$250,000 per annum toward the maintenance of this cable line for the period of 14 years, but not exceeding \$3,000,000. In order to show how exorbitant this amount is I have only to state what the United States paid last year for cablegrams. All the cablegrams sent by the government to every part of the world over any cable line cost last year only the sum of \$52,000; and yet we are asked to give \$250,000 to the line from San Francisco to the Hawaiian Islands.

It is hardly necessary for me to ask the members of this House if they understand fully the necessity for extending a cable line to the Hawaiian Islands. What is the population of the Hawaiian Islands, and where are they situated? There are 12 islands in the north Pacific ocean called the Hawaiian Islands and sometimes called the Sandwich Islands. They are more than 2,000 miles distant from San Francisco, and four of the islands are not inhabited. Eight of them are inhabited. They are known and conspicuous for their mountains and their volcanoes. One of the largest volcanoes in the world is found on one of the Hawaiian Islands. Only 80,000 people are on those islands. They are Chinese, Portuguese, Africans, Japanese, Americans, Europeans and Hawaiians, and there are only 10,000 white people there. It might be well said of this population as it was said by the great dramatist:

"Black spirits and white,  
Red spirits and gray,  
Mingle, mingle, mingle!"

And yet we are asked to give \$3,000,000 in order that we may have a cable line to connect with the Hawaiian Islands. It seems like another job, another scheme; it seems like another proposition to enrich the few at the expense of the many.

Mr. Speaker, have we any naval station that we should send out a cable line to those islands? I have searched in vain for a good reason for this subsidy.

Those who are advocating the subsidy say "it will improve our commerce." We have not much commerce with the Sandwich Islands. We gave the Hawaiian Kingdom, under the treaty that we made some years ago, a great many privileges. We allowed the inhabitants to send their sugar to this country free of duty. Since that treaty was made they have made millions of dollars on account of the privileges we have extended them, but our country has been but little benefited. It is said by others "we need a ship harbor at the Sandwich Islands." We have now a ship harbor there called the Pearl River harbor and I doubt whether an American vessel has been in the ship harbor for months. The Sandwich Islands are on the line from San Francisco to Samoa, Japan and China, and vessels carrying the United States flag are not numerous on this line.

Another argument relied on by the friends of this subsidy is that if we do not speedily build this line Great Britain will build a line from Canada to the Sandwich Islands under a concession granted by the Hawaiian Kingdom to a man named Albert Hartwell and we will be shut out forever.

This is the same old John Bull threat which has become too common in the American Congress. It is untrue and unworthy to be used in this discussion. There is nothing in it; and I call the attention of members of this House to the treaty which now exists between the United States and the Hawaiian Kingdom. I read from the treaty of 1884, which I think will satisfy any impartial mind that the government of the United States now has the right, conceded by the Kingdom of Hawaii, to lay and land a submarine telegraph line to the Hawaiian Islands.

Article II of the treaty of 1884 is in the following words:

"His Majesty, the King of the Hawaiian Islands, grants to the United States the exclusive right to enter the harbor of Pearl River in the Island of Oahu and to establish and maintain there a coaling and repair station for the use of vessels of the United States; and to that end the United States may improve the entrance to said harbor and do all other things needful to the purposes aforesaid."

There can be nothing clearer than the authority granted us under this treaty between the United States and the Hawaiian Kingdom to construct the submarine cable to Pearl River harbor, and this harbor is 12 miles from Honolulu, the capital and principal city of the Hawaiian Islands, and an overland line can be built to that city if desired.

It has only been a few days since we were called upon to appropriate \$25,000 in the naval appropriation bill to enable the president of the United States to cause careful soundings to be made between San Francisco and Honolulu, in the Kingdom of Hawaii, to ascertain the practicability of laying a cable line between those two points; and the president was also authorized to direct the use of any vessel or vessels belonging to the United States in making such soundings.

Mr. Speaker, when \$25,000 was asked to be placed in the naval appropriation bill for the purpose of making this examination, it was then stated that we desired to ascertain if a cable line could be laid; but now, in less than two weeks from that time, we are asked to appropriate \$3,000,000 to authorize the construction of the cable line.

Another singular and unusual fact connected with the Senate amendment deserves to be stated, and it is this: When the proposition for government aid first came before the Committee on Foreign Affairs, of the House, the majority of the committee agreed that \$150,000 annually was sufficient for the United States government to pay the Submarine Cable Company.

When Mr. Hartwell, the man who claimed to have the concession from the Hawaiian kingdom, came before the committee, he asked for \$200,000 per annum, but the Senate, when considering the diplomatic and consular appropriation bill, followed its usual generous course and appropriated \$250,000 per annum, or more than was asked for by the gentleman who had the concession, and more than the Committee on Foreign Affairs of the House believed was necessary.

Mr. Speaker, this whole scheme deserves to be voted down. It deserves to be condemned. It deserves to be defeated as we defeated that colossal scheme last night, the ship subsidy bill. If our government now embarks in the construction of submarine cables when will it end and where will it lead to? If \$3,000,000 are donated to a private corporation to construct a cable line from San Francisco to the Sandwich Islands, how long will it be before millions are asked to construct other cable lines?

If the government is going into the business of constructing cable lines under the water, why not embark also in the construction of telegraph lines on land? Why should it not construct railroads in every part of the United States, and extend lines to Central and South America? That is where the proposed policy will lead. In 1876 the Congress of the United States incorporated a company and named Leland Stanford, now a Senator from California, as one of the incorporators and Capt. Mareno another. That company was authorized to construct a submarine telegraph line from San Francisco to the Hawaiian Islands. This line will be constructed by private enterprise if we let it alone. Whenever it is necessary to have a submarine cable line from San Francisco to the Hawaiian Islands we will have it.

Senator Leland Stanford was elected president of the company authorized under the act of 1876, but now it is sought to set that company aside and the government is asked to pay \$3,000,000 for the purpose of constructing this line, although it is to have no ownership or control over it and no management of it and the cost of the construction of the entire line was placed as low as \$2,700,000 by careful estimates made in 1880. I am not in favor of government subsidies, and I am opposed to this scheme and all others like it; yet if the government constructs submarine cables it ought to own, control and operate them.

If the object of the pending proposition is to benefit us by giving connection with a great harbor where our ships are to anchor, then we certainly ought to have control of the cable line that is to connect us with our ships in that harbor. To-day there is probably not a ship in that harbor, we have no shipyard there, there is no talk about establishing a shipyard there, and there is no necessity for a shipyard there. This amendment has no proper place on the diplomatic and consular appropriation bill and it should be stricken from the bill.

Mr. Holman—It is there in violation of the rules of the Senate.

Mr. McCreary—Yes, Mr. Speaker, as the gentleman from Indiana very properly suggests, this amendment has been placed on the bill in violation of the rules of the Senate. This is another illustration of the idea that has been dominating this Congress from the beginning: "Have subsidies at all hazards; spend the people's money in order and out of order." Such conduct as this, coupled with the imposition of burden-

dense taxes and improper interference with election laws, and reckless disregard of the people's wishes caused the overthrow of the party now dominating this House, and it is time that the lessons of last November should be heeded.

I hope that the same conscientious and patriotic men who enabled us to defeat the ship subsidy last night will enable us to-day to defeat this cable subsidy.

Mr. Speaker, we are rapidly approaching the end of this session. We are now in the dying days of the 51st Congress. This Congress will not only be remembered forever as an eventful Congress, but it will always be conspicuous in history for its iniquitous measures and for its unparalleled appropriation of the public money.

Look at the appropriation bills that have passed (for now all the regular appropriation bills have gone through this House), and you will find that at this session of Congress we have appropriated \$72,000,000 more than was appropriated at the last session and \$114,000,000 more than was appropriated in the regular appropriation bills at the last session under the Cleveland administration.

The great surplus which two years ago could barely be contained in the vaults of the treasury has melted away like snow before a summer sun, and the best financiers admit that there will be a deficit in the treasury at the end of the present fiscal year. I believe the time has come when those who are looting the treasury should call a halt. I believe subsidies and jobs and improper schemes should be denounced and driven from the hall of the American Congress; and finally, I believe that the time has come when we ought to stand for "equal rights to all and exclusive privileges to none." [Applause on the democratic side.]

**DR. A. S. PRICE,**  
**SURGEON DENTIST.**  
Office on Main street, over W. B. McRoberts' Drug Store, Stanford.

## FARM FOR SALE.

I offer for sale privately my Farm of 85 Acres, 2 1/2 miles south of Stanford, near the Summer Pike. It is in a high state of cultivation, all being in grass but it is also well watered and has all the necessary buildings, is well fenced and a desirable place generally. Call on or address me at Stanford, Ky.  
G. A. PEYTON.

## For Sale!

In the corporate limits of Rowland.

H. J. DARST, Rowland.

## FOR SALE OR RENT.

26

## The Very Desirable Residence

And 5-acre lot on Danville street. The house is in good repair and contains 5 rooms. The yard is large and beautiful and altogether

The Place is one of the Most Delightful in Town.

Will sell or rent on easy terms.

MISS MARY E. VARNON, Stanford, Ky.

## CASH

Paid For Hides and Fur,

AT—

## M. F. ELKIN & CO.'S,

Stanford, Ky.

## Everything for the Orchard, Lawn, Garden

Why not buy direct from the grower, when you need Trees, Plants or Vines? You will save money and get stock true to name. We employ no agents, but sell direct to the planter. Millions of our Trees, Plants and Vines are being everywhere in Kentucky and judged by their fruit. A Strawberry and general Nursery Catalogue on application to  
H. F. HILLENMEYER, Lexington, Ky.

## Articles of Association

OF THE

## STANFORD WATER WORKS COMPANY.

We, the undersigned, J. F. Peyton, John S. Hughes, Masteron, Peyton, Charles F. Sturtevant and George W. Sturtevant, Jr., do associate ourselves together and become an incorporated company pursuant to the provisions of Chapter 56, General Statutes of Kentucky.

1. The name of the corporation shall be the Stanford Water Works Company and its general place of transacting business shall be in the city of Stanford, Lincoln county, Kentucky.

2. The general nature of the business of the corporation shall be: the construction and maintenance of a system of Water Works for the supply of water for the city of Stanford and the inhabitants thereof and to the town of Rowland and the inhabitants thereof.

3. The capital stock of the association shall be seventy-five thousand (\$75,000) dollars, to be divided into shares of one thousand dollars each, and which shall be paid to the Treasurer of the Company at such times and in such proportions as shall be required by the Board of Directors of the Company.

4. The corporation shall commence on the 25th day of February 1897, and terminate at the end of fifty (50) years from that date.

5. The affairs of the Company shall be conducted by a Board of five Directors, one of whom shall be elected President. The Board of Directors shall be elected annually by the shareholders on the first Saturday of August of each year. But until the first election the incorporators herein named shall constitute the Directors of the Company.

6. The highest amount of indebtedness or liability to which the corporation can at any time subject itself shall not exceed fifty thousand (\$50,000) dollars.

7. The private property of incorporators and shareholders is to be exempt from corporate debts. Witness our hands February 14, 1897.

J. F. PEYTON,  
J. S. HUGHES,  
MASTERON PEYTON,  
CHAS. F. STURTEVANT,  
GEO. W. STURTEVANT, JR.  
By Chas. F. Sturtevant.

104-106

## COWS!

Fresh milk cows for sale, apply to W. H. Murphy, Stanford, Ky.



Having removed my Barber Shop to the Commercial Hotel, I am prepared to accommodate ladies as well as gentlemen in anything they may wish in my line. Children also well cared for. Call on me.  
JESSE THOMPSON,  
106 Commercial Hotel.

**DR. L. B. COOK,**  
**PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,**  
STANFORD, KY.  
Office over McRoberts' Drug Store. Residence, James B. Owens property at the junction of Hustonville and Danville pikes.  
Rm-6m

## FOR SALE.

Mrs. Hannah Fair Ward wishes to sell her

## Property at McKinney,

Where the post-office has been kept until recently. Dwelling and store-house in good repair.

100-11

## FOR SALE!

Lot on Main Street in Stanford

Containing 1 1/2 acres.

Terms easy. T. R. WALTON, Stanford.

## NEW SAW MILL.

I have finished my new Saw Mill on the Summer Pike, 7 miles from Stanford and am prepared to furnish any kind of LUMBER, SHINGLES, &c., at LOWEST PRICES. I will sell the lumber at a mill or deliver, to suit purchasers. Give me a trial. Postoffice, MAYWOOD, KY.

I will deliver sawed chestnut shingles at Stanford or Rowland at \$2.25 per M.

43-17 A. B. BASTIN

## THE COMMERCIAL HOTEL

J. B. OWENS, Manager,

Harrodsburg, - Kentucky.

I have taken charge of this popular hotel and intend to run it in a first-class manner in every respect. It is being papered and painted from top to bottom, the bedding is being renovated and everything done to make it pleasant and comfortable for guests. The table shall never be surpassed by hotels in this section. J. B. OWENS.

9-10

## ALEXANDER'S HOTEL,

Seventh and Market Streets,

Louisville, - - - Kentucky,

WILL OPEN MONDAY, MAR. 2.

Having sold out our entire interest in the hotel, on Jefferson street, we have moved to our old stand that we occupied for years, so successfully on Seventh and Market streets, are now fitting it up in elegant shape, new throughout and the outfit will in every way be elegant, including one of Hale's Safety Passenger and Baggage Elevators with all the late improvements. We want all of our old friends to come and see us in our old home. We promise you that our rooms, table and service shall be second to none in the land. My wife, Mrs. Jo B. Alexander, wants to be remembered to all our lady friends. We will be glad to see them and give them a hearty reception. Fare \$2 per day. 101

JO. B. ALEXANDER, Manager.

## A Special Bargain.

## A Blue-Grass Farm For Sale.

I offer for sale privately the Henry Hester farm of 60 acres, nearly all rich bottom land; 21 acres sown in wheat; the balance in grass.

The dwelling has six rooms and is in good repair. There is a new barn, good well, fine orchard and first-class fencing on the place.

Terms—One-half cash balance in 12 and 18 months. Possession to be given Feb. 1, 1897.

Apply to me or my agent, W. A. Tribble, at Stanford, Ky.

90-11 J. F. PEYTON, M. D.

## L. F. GANTER'S

## MAGIC

## REMOVER!

NO CURE, NO PAY.

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